WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2018 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 432

BY SENATORS GAUNCH, WELD, AND BOSO [Originating in the Committee on Government Organization; Reported on February 19, 2018]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §8-1-5a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating 2 to municipal home rule; making legislative findings; establishing the Municipal Home Rule 3 Pilot Program as a permanent program identified as the Municipal Home Rule Program; 4 providing for continuation of plans and amendments approved during Municipal Home 5 Rule Pilot Program; providing that any ordinance, act, resolution, rule, or regulation 6 enacted pursuant to the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program shall continue until repealed: 7 expanding eligibility to participate in home rule to additional municipalities; establishing 8 annual assessment for participants in Municipal Home Rule Program; establishing penalty 9 for failing to timely pay annual assessment; creating special revenue account for Municipal 10 Home Rule Board: authorizing certain expenditures from special revenue fund: providing 11 suspension of annual assessment when certain conditions are met; clarifying the authority 12 of the Municipal Home Rule Board; requiring Municipal Home Rule Board to reject any 13 application or amendment that does not reasonably demonstrate municipality's ability to 14 manage related costs or liabilities; requiring publication of administrative rules of Municipal 15 Home Rule Board on its website and made available to the public in print upon request; 16 clarifying procedures related to submitting amendment to approved plan; requiring certain 17 notice prior to proposing or amending a plan; requiring public hearing and notice of hearing 18 prior to municipality proposing a plan or amendment; amending certain prohibitions on the 19 powers and duties of municipalities under home rule; prohibiting municipalities 20 participating in the Municipal Home Rule Program from passing an ordinance, act, 21 resolution, rule, or regulation contrary to laws governing professional licensing or 22 certification of employees; prohibiting municipalities participating in the Municipal Home 23 Rule Program from passing an ordinance, act, resolution, rule, or regulation contrary to 24 laws, rules, or regulations governing enforcement of building codes or fire codes; 25 prohibiting municipalities participating in the Municipal Home Rule Program from passing 26 an ordinance, act, resolution, rule, or regulation contrary to West Virginia Workplace

27 Freedom Act and Labor-Management Relations Act; prohibiting municipalities participating in the Municipal Home Rule Program from passing an ordinance, act, 28 29 resolution, rule, or regulation contrary to federal laws, regulations, or standards related to 30 transportation that would affect state's required compliance or jeopardize federal funding; 31 prohibiting municipalities from enacting any ordinance, act, resolution, rule, or regulation 32 that imposes duties on another governmental entity; providing certain exceptions to that 33 prohibition; modifying reporting requirements; and eliminating automatic termination of the 34 Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program on July 1, 2019.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 1. PURPOSE AND SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS; GENERAL PROVISIONS;

CONSTRUCTION.

§8-1-5a. Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program.

(a) Legislative findings. -- The Legislature finds and declares that:
 (1) The initial Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program brought innovative results, including
 novel municipal ideas that became municipal ordinances which later resulted in new statewide
 statutes;
 (2) The initial Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program also brought novel municipal ideas that
 resulted in court challenges against some of the participating municipalities;

7 (3) The Municipal Home Rule Board was an essential part of the initial Municipal Home
8 Rule Pilot Program, but it lacked some needed powers and duties;

9 (4) Municipalities still face challenges delivering services required by federal and state law
10 or demanded by their constituents;

(5) Municipalities are sometimes restrained by state statutes, policies, and rules that
challenge their ability to carry out their duties and responsibilities in a cost-effective, efficient, and
timely manner;

- 14 (6) Continuing the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program is in the public interest Establishing 15 the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program as a permanent program is in the public interest; and 16 (7) Increasing the powers and duties of the Municipal Home Rule Board, subject to the 17 limitations set forth herein, will enhance the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program. 18 (b) Continuance of pilot program. -- The Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program is continued 19 until July 1, 2019. The ordinances enacted by the participating municipalities pursuant to the I 20 Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program may remain in effect, subject to the requirements of this 21 section, until the ordinances are repealed: Provided, That any ordinance enacting a municipal 22 occupation tax is hereby null and void. 23 (b) Establishment of a permanent program and continuation of plans previously enacted 24 and approved pursuant to the pilot program. -- The Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program is hereby 25 established as a permanent program and shall be identified as the Municipal Home Rule Program. Any plan or amendment to a plan approved by the Board during the period of the Municipal Home 26 27 Rule Pilot Program is hereby continued. Any ordinance, act, resolution, rule or regulation enacted by a participating municipality under the provisions of this section during the period of the 28 29 Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program shall continue in full force and effect unless and until 30 repealed. 31 (c) Authorizing participation. --32 (1) Commencing July 1, 2015 July 1, 2018, 30 any Class I, Class II, and or Class III municipalities municipality that is and four Class IV municipalities that are current in payment of 33 34 all state fees may apply to participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program pursuant to the provisions of this section. Also commencing July 1, 2018, up to four applications per year from 35 Class IV municipalities may be approved by the Board for participation in the Municipal Home 36 37 Rule Program pursuant to the provisions of this section, provided the Class IV municipality is 38 current in payment of all state fees. 39 (2) The municipalities participating in the pilot program Municipal Home Rule Pilot
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40 <u>Program</u> on the effective date of the amendment and reenactment of this section are hereby 41 authorized to continue in the <u>pilot program</u> <u>Municipal Home Rule Program</u>, subject to the 42 requirements of this section, and may amend current written plans and/or submit new written 43 plans in accordance with the provisions of this section.

44 (3) On July 1, 2018, all municipalities currently participating in the Municipal Home Rule 45 Program shall pay an annual assessment of \$2,000 for the operation and administration of the 46 Home Rule Board. On July 1 of each year thereafter, all municipalities participating in the 47 Municipal Home Rule Program as of that date shall pay the annual assessment. Any participating 48 municipality that fails to timely remit its assessment when due may be assessed a penalty of an 49 additional \$2,000 by the Board. (4) There is hereby created the "Home Rule Board Operations Fund". Expenditures are 50 51 authorized from collections and are to be made in accordance with appropriation by the 52 Legislature in accordance with the provisions of §12-3-1 et seq. of this code, and upon fulfillment 53 of the provisions of §11B-2-1 et seq. of this code: Provided, That collections received during fiscal 54 year 2018 may be expended upon receipt without prior Legislative appropriation. Any balance remaining in the fund at the end of any state fiscal year does not revert to the General Revenue 55 56 Fund, but remains in the special revenue account and shall be used only in a manner consistent 57 with this section. All costs and expenses lawfully incurred by the board, including administrative 58 and legal expenses, shall be paid from those funds. At such time as the unencumbered balance in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year is \$200,000 or more, the annual assessment shall be 59 60 suspended until such time as the unencumbered balance in the fund will be insufficient to meet 61 future operating and legal expenses.

(d) *Municipal Home Rule Board*. -- The Municipal Home Rule Board is hereby continued.
Effective July 1, 2015, the <u>The</u> Municipal Home Rule Board shall consist of the following five voting members:

65 (1) The Governor, or a designee, who shall serve as chair;

66 (2) The Executive Director of the West Virginia Development Office, or a designee;

67 (3) One member representing the Business and Industry Council, appointed by the68 Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate;

69 (4) One member representing the largest labor organization in the state, appointed by the
70 Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate; and

(5) One member representing the West Virginia Chapter of the American Institute of
 Certified Planners, appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The Chair of the Senate Committee on Government Organization and the Chair of the
House Committee on Government Organization shall continue to be serve as ex-officio nonvoting
members of the board.

(e) *Board's powers and duties.* -- The Municipal Home Rule Board has the following
powers and duties:

(1) Review, evaluate, make recommendations, and approve or reject, <u>for any lawful</u>
 <u>reason, by a majority vote of the board, each aspect of the written plan, or the written plan in its</u>
 <u>entirety, submitted by a municipality;</u>

81 (2) By a majority vote of the board, select, based on the municipality's written plan, new
82 Class I, Class II, Class III, and/or Class IV municipalities to participate in the Municipal Home Rule
83 Pilot Program;

(3) Review, evaluate, make recommendations and approve or reject, <u>for any lawful</u>
<u>reason</u>, by a majority vote of the board, the amendments to the <u>approved</u> written plans submitted
by municipalities: <u>*Provided*</u>, <u>That any new application or amendment that does not reasonably</u>
<u>demonstrate the municipality's ability to manage the costs or liabilities associated with its</u>
<u>proposed amendment shall be rejected;</u>

(4) Consult with any agency affected by the written plans or the amendments to the writtenplans; and

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(5) Perform any other powers or duties necessary to effectuate the provisions of this

92 section: *Provided*, That any administrative rules established by the Board for the operation of the

93 <u>Municipal Home Rule Program shall be published on the Municipal Home Rule's website, and</u>

94 made available to the public in print upon request.

(f) *Written plan.* -- Any Class I, Class II, Class III, or Class IV municipality desiring to
 participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program, or any municipality desiring to amend its
 <u>existing approved Home Rule plan</u>, shall submit a written plan to the board stating in detail the
 following:

99 (1) The specific laws, acts, resolutions, policies, rules, or regulations which prevent the
 100 municipality from carrying out its duties in the most cost-efficient, effective, and timely manner;

101 (2) The problems created by the those laws, acts, resolutions, policies, rules, or 102 regulations;

(3) The proposed solutions to the problems, including all proposed changes to ordinances,
acts, resolutions, rules, and regulations: *Provided*, That the specific municipal ordinance
instituting the solution does not have to be included in the written plan; and

(4) A written opinion, by an attorney licensed to practice in West Virginia, stating that theproposed written plan does not violate the provisions of this section.

(g) *Public hearing on written plan.* -- Prior to submitting its written plan, <u>or an amendment</u>
 to an existing approved plan, to the board, the municipality shall:

(1) Hold a public hearing on the written plan <u>or the amendment to the existing approved</u>
<u>plan;</u>

(2) Provide notice <u>of the public hearing</u> at least 30 days prior to the public hearing by a
Class II legal advertisement: <u>Provided</u>, That on or before the first day of publication, a copy of the
notice shall be sent by first-class mail to the Chairman of the Municipal Home Rule Board and the
cabinet secretary of any state agency affected by the application or amendment, whether directly
identified in the application or amendment or by inclusion of state law or rule directly overseen by
that state agency;

(3) Make a copy of the written plan <u>or amendment</u> available for public inspection at least
30 days prior to the public hearing; and

(4) After the public hearing, adopt an ordinance authorizing the municipality to submit a
written plan <u>or amendment</u> to the Municipal Home Rule Board, after provided the proposed
ordinance has been read two times, as required by §8-11-4 of this code.

(h) Selection of municipalities. -- On or after June 1, 2015, by By a majority vote, the
Municipal Home Rule Board may select from the municipalities that submitted written plans and
were approved by the board by majority vote, new Class I, Class II, Class III, and/or Class IV
municipalities to participate in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program.

(i) *Powers and duties of municipalities.* -- The municipalities participating in the Municipal
Home Rule Pilot Program have the authority to pass an ordinance, act, resolution, rule, or
regulation, under the provisions of this section, that is not contrary to:

130 (1) Environmental law;

131 (2) Laws governing bidding on government construction and other contracts;

- 132 (3) The Freedom of Information Act;
- 133 (4) The Open Governmental Proceedings Act;
- 134 (5) Laws governing wages for construction of public improvements;
- 135 (6) The provisions of this section;
- 136 (7) The provisions of §8-12-5a of this code;
- 137 (8) The municipality's written plan;

138 (9) The Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of the State of West Virginia;

- 139 (10) Federal law, including those governing or crimes and punishment;
- 140 (11) Chapters 60A, 6,1 and 62 of this code or <u>other code governing</u> state crimes and

141 punishment;

142 (12) Laws governing pensions or retirement plans;

143 (13) Laws governing annexation;

144 (14) Laws governing taxation; *Provided*. That a participating municipality may enact a municipal sales tax up to one percent if it reduces or eliminates its municipal business and 145 146 occupation tax, Provided, however, That if a municipality subsequently reinstates or raises the 147 municipal business and occupation tax it previously reduced or eliminated under the Municipal 148 Home Rule Pilot Program or the Municipal Home Rule Program, it shall reduce or eliminate the 149 municipal sales tax enacted under the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program or the Municipal Home 150 Rule Program in an amount comparable to the revenue estimated to be generated by the 151 reinstated tax: *Provided further*, That any municipality that imposes a municipal sales tax pursuant 152 to this section shall use the services of the Tax Commissioner to administer, enforce and collect 153 the tax in the same manner as the state consumers sales and service tax and use tax under 154 required by the provisions of §11-15-1 et seq., §11-15A-1 et seq. and §11-15B-1 et seq. of this 155 code and all applicable provisions of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement: And provided further, That such tax will shall not apply to the sale of motor fuel or motor vehicles: 156 157 (15) Laws governing tax increment financing; 158 (16) Laws governing extraction of natural resources; and 159 (17) Marriage and divorce laws; (18) Laws governing the professional licensing or certification of employees 160 161 (19) Laws, rules or regulations governing the enforcement of building codes or fire codes: 162 (20) The West Virginia Workplace Freedom Act and Labor-Management Relations Act; 163 and 164 (21) Federal laws, regulations, or standards related to transportation that would affect the state's required compliance or jeopardize federal funding. 165 166 (i) Municipalities may not pass an ordinance, act, resolution, rule, or regulation under the

167 provisions of this section that:

(1) Affects persons or property outside the boundaries of the municipality: *Provided*, That
 this prohibition under the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program does not limit a municipality's

powers outside its boundary lines to the extent permitted under other provisions of this section,

171 other sections of this chapter, other chapters of this code or court decisions; or

172 (2) Enacts an occupation tax, fee or assessment payable by a nonresident of a173 municipality; or

174 (3) Imposes duties on another governmental entity, unless the performance of the duties
 175 is part of a legally executed agreement between the municipality and the other governmental
 176 entity, or is otherwise permitted by state law.

(k) *Amendments to written plans.* -- A municipality participating in the Municipal Home
Rule Pilot Program may amend its written plan at any time <u>subject to the requirements of this</u>
<u>section.</u>

(I) Amendments to ordinances, acts, resolutions, rules, or regulations. -- A municipality participating in the Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program may amend any ordinance, act, resolution, rule, or regulation enacted pursuant to the municipality's approved written plan at any time so long as any amendment is consistent with the municipality's approved written plan, as modified by any <u>amendments adopted pursuant to this section</u>, complies with the provisions of subsections (i) and (j) of this section, and the municipality complies with all applicable state law procedures for enacting municipal legislation.

(m) *Reporting requirements.* -- Commencing On or before December 1, 2015, and of each
year thereafter, each participating municipality shall give a written progress report to the Municipal
Home Rule Board, and commencing on or before January 1, 2016, and of each year thereafter,
the Municipal Home Rule Board shall give a summary report of all the participating municipalities
to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance.

(n) *Termination of the pilot program.* -- The Municipal Home Rule Pilot Program terminates
 on July 1, 2019. An ordinance, act, resolution, rule or regulation enacted by a participating
 municipality under the provisions of this section during the period of the Municipal Home Rule
 Pilot Program shall continue in full force and effect until repealed

196 (n) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary. on and after the 197 effective date of the enactment of this provision in 2015, no distribute under the provisions of 198 this section may seek from the Tax Division of the Department of Revenue a refund of revenues 199 or moneys collected by, or remitted to, the Tax Division of the Department of Revenue, nor seek 200 a change in past amounts distributed, or any other retrospective adjustment relating to any 201 amount distributed, to the extent that the moneys in guestion have been distributed by the Tax 202 Division to another distributee, regardless of whether those distributions were miscalculated, 203 mistaken, erroneous, misdirected or otherwise inaccurate or incorrect. For purposes of this 204 section, the term "distributee" means any municipality that has enacted a sales and use tax under 205 this section or as otherwise permitted by law that receives or is authorized to receive a specific 206 distribution of revenues or moneys collected by, or remitted to, the Tax Division of the Department 207 of Revenue pursuant to this section.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.